

**SUMTER COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

SUBJECT: Set Public Hearing for Ordinance to amend Chapter 20, Article IV, Section 20-82, Sumter County Code, to remove acceptance of unpaved, unmaintained roads, on August 9, 2011 at 5 PM at 910 Main Street, Bushnell, FL (staff recommends approval)

REQUESTED ACTION: Set public hearing for August 9, 2011 at 5:00 PM

Work Session (Report Only) **DATE OF MEETING:** 7/26/2011
 Regular Meeting Special Meeting

CONTRACT: N/A Vendor/Entity: _____
Effective Date: _____ Termination Date: _____
Managing Division / Dept: Public Works Division

BUDGET IMPACT: NA
 Annual **FUNDING SOURCE:** _____
 Capital **EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT:** _____
 N/A

HISTORY/FACTS/ISSUES:

The Board approved Ordinance 2007-20, Capital Improvement and Essential Services Procedural Assessment Ordinance on September 25, 2007 (see attached). This is the basis for Chapter 2, Article X of the Sumter County Code, same subject. This section of the code has been consistently used by the Board to require the establishment of an MSBU by the residents to pave a private road before it can be accepted.

Meanwhile the Board approved Ordinance 2008-1 on January 8, 2008, which is Sumter County Code 20-82 (see attached), which allows acceptance of unpaved, unmaintained roads into the County system.

The Public Works Division received a request from residents on SE 14th Terrace and SE 44th Place in February 2011 to have their private road paved, under the provisions of Chapter 2, Article X. Once they realized the cost was more than they and their neighbors wished to cover, they requested information on the process, as given in Sumter County Code Chapter 20, Section IV, Section 20-82, for the County to accept their unpaved, unmaintained roads.

The Public Works Division provided that process and worked with the residents until July 13, 2011 when the apparent discrepancy between the two parts of the Sumter County Code came to light, and the Director informed them that the Chapter 2, Section X of the Code as applied by the Board, prevents accepting unpaved, unmaintained roads.

The purpose of this new ordinance (see attached) is to clarify Section 20-82 of the Code such that the County does not accept unpaved, unmaintained roads.

Staff requests the Board set a public hearing to consider adoption of the draft proposed ordinance on August 9, 2011 at 5 PM, located at 910 Main Street, Bushnell, FL.

SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES
PROCEDURAL ASSESSMENT ORDINANCE

ORDINANCE NO. 2007-20

ENACTED SEPTEMBER 25, 2007

**CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES
PROCEDURAL ASSESSMENT ORDINANCE**

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ORDINANCE NO. 2007-20

AN ORDINANCE OF SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA RELATING TO THE FUNDING OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES THROUGH THE IMPOSITION OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS; PROVIDING THE PROCEDURE FOR THE IMPOSITION OF SUCH SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS; SUPERSEDING AND REPEALING ORDINANCE NOS. 99-17, 2000-13, 2005-30 AND 2006-30; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS AND FINDINGS; AUTHORIZING THE IMPOSITION AND COLLECTION OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS TO FUND THE COST OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES PROVIDING A SPECIAL BENEFIT TO REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE COUNTY; AUTHORIZING THE CREATION OF ASSESSMENT AREAS; PROVIDING FOR THE OPTIONAL AND MANDATORY PREPAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS; ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES FOR NOTICE AND ADOPTION OF ASSESSMENT ROLLS AND FOR CORRECTION OF ERRORS AND OMISSIONS; PROVIDING THAT ASSESSMENTS CONSTITUTE A LIEN ON ASSESSED PROPERTY UPON ADOPTION OF THE ASSESSMENT ROLLS; ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES AND METHODS FOR COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS, INCLUDING ASSESSMENTS IMPOSED ON GOVERNMENT PROPERTY; AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF OBLIGATIONS SECURED BY ASSESSMENTS; PROVIDING FOR VARIOUS RIGHTS AND REMEDIES OF THE HOLDERS OF SUCH OBLIGATIONS; PROVIDING THAT SUCH OBLIGATIONS WILL NOT CREATE A GENERAL DEBT OR OBLIGATION OF THE COUNTY; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA:

ARTICLE I
INTRODUCTION

SECTION 1.01. DEFINITIONS. When used in this Ordinance, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

"Annual Assessment Resolution" means the resolution described in Section 2.08

hereof, approving an Assessment Roll for a specific Fiscal Year.

"Assessment" means a special assessment imposed by the Board pursuant to this Ordinance to fund the Capital Cost of Capital Improvements or the Service Cost of Essential Services. The term "Assessment" and the reference to non-ad valorem assessments herein means those assessments which are not based upon millage and which can become a lien against a homestead as permitted by Article X, Section 4 of the Florida Constitution.

"Assessment Area" means any of specific areas created by resolution of the Board pursuant to Section 2.02 hereof, that specially benefit from Capital Improvements or Essential Services.

"Assessment Coordinator" means the County Administrator or such person's designee.

"Assessment Roll" means the special assessment roll relating to Capital Improvements or Essential Services containing the information specified in Section 2.04 hereof, approved by a Final Assessment Resolution or an Annual Assessment Resolution pursuant to Section 2.07 or Section 2.08 hereof.

"Assessment Unit" means the apportionment unit utilized to determine the Assessment for each parcel of property, as set forth in the Initial Assessment Resolution. "Assessment Units" may include, by way of example and not limitation, one or a combination of the following: front footage, land area, improvement area, equivalent residential connections or units, permitted land use, trip generation rates, rights to future trip generation capacity under applicable concurrency management regulations, property value or any other physical characteristic or reasonably expected use of the property that is related to the Capital Improvements or Essential Services to be funded from proceeds of the Assessment.

"Board" means the Board of Commissioners of Sumter County, Florida.

"Capital Cost" means all or any portion of the expenses that are properly attributable to the acquisition, design, construction, installation, reconstruction, renewal or replacement (including demolition, environmental mitigation and relocation) of Capital Improvements under generally accepted accounting principles; and including reimbursement to the County for any funds advanced for Capital Cost and interest on any interfund or intrafund loan for such purposes.

"Capital Improvements" means capital improvements constructed or installed by the County which provide a special benefit to lands within an Assessment Area.

"County" means Sumter County, Florida.

"County Administrator" means the chief executive officer of the County, or such person's designee.

"County Code" means the Sumter County Code of Ordinances.

"Essential Services" means the services, facilities, or programs which provide a special benefit to, or relieve a burden attributable to, lands within an Assessment Area.

"Final Assessment Resolution" means the resolution described in Section 2.07 hereof, which shall confirm, modify or repeal the Initial Assessment Resolution and which shall be the final proceeding for the imposition of an Assessment.

"Fiscal Year" means the period commencing on October 1 of each year and continuing through the following September 30, or such other period as may be prescribed by law as the Fiscal Year for the County.

"Government Property" means property owned by the United States of America, the State of Florida, a county, a special district, a municipal corporation, or any of their respective agencies or political subdivisions.

"Initial Assessment Resolution" means the resolution described in Section 2.03 hereof, which shall be the initial proceeding for the imposition of an Assessment.

"Maximum Assessment Rate" means the highest rate of an Assessment established by the Board in an Initial Assessment Resolution and included in the notices required by Sections 2.05 and 2.06 hereof.

"Obligations" means bonds or other evidence of indebtedness including but not limited to, notes, commercial paper, capital leases or any other obligation issued or incurred to finance Capital Improvements and secured, in whole or in part, by proceeds of the Assessments.

"Ordinance" means this Capital Improvement and Essential Services Procedural Assessment Ordinance.

"Pledged Revenue" means, as to any series of Obligations, (A) the proceeds of such Obligations, including investment earnings, (B) proceeds of the Assessments pledged to secure the payment of such Obligations, and (C) any other legally available non-ad valorem revenue pledged, at the Board's sole option, to secure the payment of such Obligations, as specified by the Ordinance and any resolution authorizing such Obligations.

"Property Appraiser" means the Sumter County Property Appraiser.

"Resolution of Intent" means the resolution expressing the Board's intent to collect Assessments on the ad valorem tax bill required by the Uniform Assessment Collection Act.

"Service Cost" means all or any portion of the expenses that are properly attributable to the provision of Essential Services under generally accepted accounting principles; and including reimbursement to the County for any funds advanced for such expenses and interest on any interfund or intrafund loan for such purposes.

"Tax Collector" means the Sumter County Tax Collector.

"Tax Roll" means the real property ad valorem tax assessment roll maintained by the Property Appraiser for the purpose of the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes.

"Uniform Assessment Collection Act" means sections 197.3632 and 197.3635, Florida Statutes, or any successor statutes authorizing the collection of non-ad valorem assessments on the same bill as ad valorem taxes, and any applicable regulations promulgated thereunder.

SECTION 1.02. INTERPRETATION. Unless the context indicates otherwise, words importing the singular number include the plural number and vice versa; the terms "hereof", "hereby", "herein", "hereto", "hereunder" and similar terms refer to this Ordinance; and the term "hereafter" means after, and the term "heretofore" means before, the effective date of this Ordinance. Words importing either gender include the correlative words of the other gender unless the context indicates otherwise.

SECTION 1.03. FINDINGS. It is hereby ascertained, determined and declared as follows:

(A) The County has previously enacted three separate procedural ordinances related to the imposition of Assessments: (1) Ordinance No. 99-17, as amended by Ordinance No. 2000-13; (2) Ordinance No. 2005-30; and (3) Ordinance No. 2006-30.

Accordingly, the procedure for levying Assessments appears in several different articles and chapters of the County Code.

(B) In order to avoid errors and inconsistencies arising by virtue of having multiple ordinances and amendments thereto describing the procedure for the imposition of Assessments, and for convenience of reference, the Board deems it advisable to supersede and repeal such ordinances and to provide hereby a single, unified procedure governing the imposition of Assessments to fund Capital Improvements and Essential Services.

(C) Article VIII, section 1 of the Florida Constitution and Sections 125.01 and 125.66, Florida Statutes, grant to the Board all powers of local self-government to perform county functions and to render services for county purposes in a manner not inconsistent with general or special law approved by vote of the electors, and such power may be exercised by the enactment of county ordinances.

(D) The Assessments authorized herein shall constitute non-ad valorem assessments within the meaning and intent of the Uniform Assessment Collection Act.

(E) The Assessments imposed pursuant to this Ordinance will be imposed by the Board, not the Property Appraiser or Tax Collector. Any activity of the Property Appraiser or Tax Collector under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be construed solely as ministerial.

ARTICLE II ASSESSMENTS

SECTION 2.01. AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE. The Board is hereby authorized to impose Assessments against property located within an Assessment Area to fund Capital Improvements or Essential Services. The Assessment shall be computed in a manner that fairly and reasonably apportions the Capital Costs or Service Costs among the parcels of property within an Assessment Area, based upon objectively determinable Assessment Units related to the value, use or physical characteristics of the property.

SECTION 2.02. CREATION OF ASSESSMENT AREA.

(A) The Board is hereby authorized to create Assessment Areas by resolution. Each Assessment Area shall encompass only that property specially benefited by the Capital Improvements or Essential Services proposed for funding from the proceeds of Assessments to be imposed therein. Either the Initial Assessment Resolution proposing an

Assessment Area or the Final Assessment Resolution creating an Assessment Area shall include brief descriptions of the Capital Improvements or Essential Services proposed for such area, a description of the property to be included within the Assessment Area, and specific legislative findings that recognize the special benefit to be provided by each proposed Capital Improvement or Essential Service to property within the Assessment Area. Properties in any Assessment Area need not be adjacent or contiguous to any other property in an Assessment Area.

(B) At its option, the Board may establish a process pursuant to which the owners of property may petition for creation of an Assessment Area to fund Capital Improvements and Essential Services. Notwithstanding any petition process established pursuant to this section, the Board shall retain the authority to create Assessment Areas without a landowner petition.

SECTION 2.03. INITIAL ASSESSMENT RESOLUTION. The initial proceeding for imposition of an Assessment shall be the Board's adoption of an Initial Assessment Resolution. The Initial Assessment Resolution shall:

- (A) describe the proposed Assessment Area;
- (B) describe the Capital Improvements or Essential Services proposed for funding from proceeds of the Assessments;
- (C) estimate the Service Cost or Capital Cost;
- (D) establish a Maximum Assessment Rate if desired by the Board;
- (E) describe with particularity the proposed method of apportioning the Service Cost or Capital Cost among the parcels of property located within the Assessment Area, such that the owner of any parcel of property can objectively determine the amount of the Assessment, based upon its value, use or physical characteristics;
- (F) include specific legislative findings that recognize the equity provided by the apportionment methodology;
- (G) schedule a public hearing at a meeting of the Board, which meeting shall be a regular, adjourned or special meeting, at which to hear objections of all interested persons and to consider adoption of the Final Assessment Resolution and approval of the Assessment Roll; and

(H) direct the Assessment Coordinator to (1) prepare the Assessment Roll pursuant to Section 2.04 hereof, (2) publish the notice required by Section 2.05 hereof, and (3) mail the notice required by Section 2.06 hereof using information then available from the Property Appraiser.

SECTION 2.04. ASSESSMENT ROLL

(A) The Assessment Coordinator shall prepare a preliminary Assessment Roll that contains the following information:

- (1) a summary description of each parcel of property (conforming to the description contained on the Tax Roll) subject to the Assessment;
- (2) the name of the owner of record of each parcel, as shown on the Tax Roll;
- (3) the number of Assessment Units attributable to each parcel;
- (4) if applicable, the estimated maximum annual Assessment to become due in any Fiscal Year for each Assessment Unit; and
- (5) if applicable, the estimated maximum annual Assessment to become due in any Fiscal Year for each parcel.

(B) Copies of the Initial Assessment Resolution and the preliminary Assessment Roll shall be on file in the office of the Assessment Coordinator and open to public inspection. The foregoing shall not be construed to require that the Assessment Roll be in printed form if the amount of the Assessment for each parcel of property can be determined by use of a computer terminal or otherwise accessible through the internet or similar data base.

SECTION 2.05. NOTICE BY PUBLICATION. After filing the Assessment Roll in the office of the Assessment Coordinator, as required by Section 2.04(B) hereof, the Assessment Coordinator shall publish once in a newspaper of general circulation within the County a notice stating that at a meeting of the Board on a certain day and hour, not earlier than 20 calendar days from such publication, which meeting shall be a regular, adjourned or special meeting, the Board will hear objections of all interested persons to the Final Assessment Resolution and approval of the Assessment Roll. The published notice shall conform to the requirements set forth in the Uniform Assessment Collection Act. Such notice shall include (A) a geographic depiction of the property subject to the Assessment; (B) the proposed schedule of the Assessment; (C) the method by which the Assessment shall be collected; (D) the Maximum Assessment Rate in the event one was adopted in the Initial Assessment Resolution; and (E) a statement that all affected property owners have the right to appear at the public hearing and to file written objections within

20 days of the publication of the notice.

SECTION 2.06. NOTICE BY MAIL. In addition to the published notice required by Section 2.05 hereof, the Assessment Coordinator shall provide notice of the proposed Assessment by first class mail to the owner of each parcel of property subject to the Assessment. The mailed notice shall conform to the requirements set forth in the Uniform Assessment Collection Act. Such notice shall include (A) the purpose of the Assessment; (B) the rate of Assessment to be levied against each parcel of property including a Maximum Assessment Rate in the event one was adopted by the Initial Assessment Resolution; (C) The Assessment Unit to be applied to determine the Assessment; (D) the number of such Assessment Units contained in each parcel; (E) the total revenue to be collected by the Assessment; and (F) a statement that failure to pay the Assessment will cause a tax certificate to be issued against the property or foreclosure proceedings may be instituted, either of which may result in a loss of title to the property; (G) a statement that all affected property owners have a right to appear at the hearing and to file written objections with the Board within 20 days of the notice; and (H) the date, time and place of the hearing. Notice shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to the hearing to each property owner at such address as is shown on the Tax Roll on the twentieth calendar day prior to the date of mailing. Notice shall be deemed mailed upon delivery thereof to the possession of the U.S. Postal Service. The Assessment Coordinator may provide proof of such notice by affidavit.

SECTION 2.07. ADOPTION OF FINAL RESOLUTION. At the time named in such notices, or to which an adjournment or continuance may be taken, the Board shall receive written objections and hear testimony of interested persons and may then, or at any subsequent meeting of the Board, adopt the Final Assessment Resolution which shall:

- (A) confirm, modify or repeal the Initial Assessment Resolution with such amendments, if any, as may be deemed appropriate by the Board;
- (B) create the Assessment Area;
- (C) establish the maximum amount of the Assessment for each Assessment Unit;
- (D) approve the Assessment Roll, with such amendments as it deems just and right; and
- (E) determine the method of collecting the Assessments.

SECTION 2.08. ANNUAL ASSESSMENT RESOLUTION. The Board shall adopt an Annual Assessment Resolution during its budget adoption process for each Fiscal Year in which Assessments will be imposed to approve the Assessment Roll for such Fiscal Year. The Final Assessment Resolution shall constitute the Annual Assessment Resolution for the initial Fiscal Year. The Assessment Roll, as prepared in accordance with the Initial Assessment Resolution and confirmed or amended by the Final Assessment Resolution, shall be confirmed or amended by the Annual Assessment Resolution to reflect the then applicable portion of the cost of the Capital Improvements or Essential Services, or both, to be paid by Assessments. If the proposed Assessment for any parcel of property exceeds the Maximum Assessment Rate established in the Initial Assessment Resolution for the area and described in the notices provided pursuant to Sections 2.05 and 2.06 hereof or if an Assessment is imposed against property not previously subject thereto, the Board shall provide notice to the owner of such property in accordance with Sections 2.05 and 2.06 hereof and conduct a public hearing prior to adoption of the Annual Assessment Resolution. Failure to adopt an Annual Assessment Resolution during the budget adoption process may be cured at any time.

SECTION 2.09. EFFECT OF ASSESSMENT RESOLUTIONS. The adoption of the Final Assessment Resolution or of an Annual Assessment Resolution requiring notice as provided in Section 2.08 hereof, shall be the final adjudication of the issues presented (including, but not limited to, the apportionment methodology, the rate of assessment, the maximum annual Assessment of each parcel, the adoption of the Assessment Roll and the levy and lien of the Assessments), unless proper steps are initiated in a court of competent jurisdiction to secure relief within 20 days from the date of the Board's adoption of the Final Assessment Resolution. The Assessments for each Fiscal Year shall be established upon adoption of the Annual Assessment Resolution. If the Assessments are to be collected pursuant to the Uniform Assessment Collection Act, the Assessment Roll, as approved by the Annual Assessment Resolution, shall be certified to the Tax Collector.

SECTION 2.10. PREPAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS.

(A) The Assessment imposed against any parcel of property to fund Capital Improvements shall be subject to prepayment at the option of the property owner, as follows:

(1) Prior to the issuance of Obligations, the Assessment Coordinator shall provide first class mailed notice to the owner of each parcel of property subject to the Assessment of the Board's intent to issue such Obligations. On or prior to the date specified in such notice (which shall not be earlier than the thirtieth day following the date on which the notice is delivered to the possession of the U.S. Postal Service), or such later

date as the Board may allow in its sole discretion, the owner of each parcel of property subject to the Assessment shall be entitled to prepay the total Assessment obligation.

(2) Following the date specified in the notice provided pursuant to Section 2.10(A) hereof, or such later date as the Board may allow in its sole discretion, the owner of each parcel of property subject to the Assessment shall be entitled to prepay the total remaining Assessment upon payment of an amount equal to the sum of (a) such parcel's share of the principal amount of Obligations then outstanding, (b) the premium associated with redemption of such parcel's share of the principal amount of Obligations then outstanding, and (c) interest on such parcel's share of the principal amount of Obligations then outstanding, from the most recent date to which interest has been paid to the next date following such prepayment on which the County can redeem Obligations after providing all notices required by the ordinance or resolution authorizing issuance of such Obligations; provided however, that during any period commencing on the date the annual Assessment Roll is certified for collection pursuant to the Uniform Assessment Collection Act and ending on the next date on which unpaid ad valorem taxes become delinquent, the County may reduce the amount required to prepay the Assessments imposed against any parcel of property by the amount of the Assessment certified for collection with respect to such parcel.

(B) At the County's election, the Assessment imposed against any parcel of property may be subject to acceleration and mandatory prepayment if at any time a tax certificate has been issued and remains outstanding in respect of such property. In such event, the amount required for mandatory prepayment shall be the same as that required for an optional prepayment authorized by Section 2.10(B) hereof.

(C) The amount of all prepayments computed in accordance with this Section 2.10 shall be final. The County shall not be required to refund any portion of a prepayment if (1) the Capital Cost is less than the amount upon which such prepayment was computed, or (2) annual Assessments will not be imposed for the full number of years anticipated at the time of such prepayment.

SECTION 2.11. LIEN OF ASSESSMENTS.

(A) Upon adoption of the Annual Assessment Resolution for each Fiscal Year, Assessments to be collected under the Uniform Assessment Collection Act shall constitute a lien against assessed property equal in rank and dignity with the liens of all state, county, district or municipal taxes and other non-ad valorem assessments. Except as otherwise provided by law, such lien shall be superior in dignity to all other liens, titles and claims, until paid. The lien shall be deemed perfected upon adoption by the Board of the Annual

Assessment Resolution and shall attach to the property included on the Assessment Roll as of the prior January 1, the lien date for ad valorem taxes.

(B) Upon adoption of the Final Assessment Resolution, Assessments to be collected under the alternative method of collection provided in Section 3.02 hereof shall constitute a lien against assessed property equal in rank and dignity with the liens of all state, county, district or municipal taxes and other non-ad valorem assessments. Except as otherwise provided by law, such lien shall be superior in dignity to all other liens, titles and claims, until paid. The lien shall be deemed perfected on the date notice thereof is recorded in the Official Records of Sumter County, Florida.

SECTION 2.12. REVISIONS TO ASSESSMENTS. If any Assessment made under the provisions of this Ordinance is either in whole or in part annulled, vacated or set aside by the judgment of any court, or if the Board is satisfied that any such Assessment is so irregular or defective that the same cannot be enforced or collected, or if the Board has omitted the inclusion of any property on the Assessment Roll which property should have been so included, the Board may take all necessary steps to impose a new Assessment against any property benefited by the Capital Improvement or Essential Service, following as nearly as may be practicable the provisions of this Ordinance, and in case such second Assessment is annulled, the Board may levy and impose other Assessments until a valid Assessment is imposed.

SECTION 2.13. PROCEDURAL IRREGULARITIES. Any informality or irregularity in the proceedings in connection with the levy of any Assessment under the provisions of this Ordinance shall not affect the validity of the same after the approval thereof, and any Assessment as finally approved shall be competent and sufficient evidence that such Assessment was duly levied, that the Assessment was duly made and adopted, and that all proceedings related to such Assessment were duly had, taken and performed as required by this Ordinance; and no variance from the directions hereunder shall be held material unless it be clearly shown that the party objecting was materially injured thereby. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 2.13, any party objecting to an Assessment imposed pursuant to this Ordinance must file an objection with a court of competent jurisdiction within the time periods prescribed herein.

SECTION 2.14. CORRECTION OF ERRORS AND OMISSIONS.

(A) No act of error or omission on the part of the Board, Assessment Coordinator, Property Appraiser, Tax Collector, or their deputies or employees, shall operate to release or discharge any obligation for payment of any Assessment imposed by the Board under the provisions of this Ordinance.

(B) The number of Assessment Units attributed to a parcel of property may be corrected at any time by the Assessment Coordinator. Any such correction which reduces an Assessment shall be considered valid from the date on which the Assessment was imposed and shall in no way affect the enforcement of the Assessment imposed under the provisions of this Ordinance. Any such correction which increases an Assessment or imposes an assessment on omitted property shall first require notice to the affected owner at the address shown on the Tax Roll notifying the owner of the date, time and place that the Board will consider confirming the correction and offering the owner an opportunity to be heard.

(C) After the Assessment Roll has been delivered to the Tax Collector in accordance with the Uniform Assessment Collection Act, any changes, modifications or corrections thereto shall be made in accordance with the procedures applicable to errors and insolvencies for ad valorem taxes.

ARTICLE III COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS

SECTION 3.01. METHOD OF COLLECTION. Unless directed otherwise by the Board, Assessments (other than Assessments imposed against Government Property) shall be collected pursuant to the Uniform Assessment Collection Act, and the County shall comply with all applicable provisions thereof, including but not limited to (1) entering into a written agreement with the Property Appraiser and the Tax Collector for reimbursement of necessary expenses, (2) certifying the Assessment Roll to the Tax Collector, and (3) adopting a Resolution of Intent after publishing weekly notice of such intent for four consecutive weeks preceding the hearing. The Resolution of Intent may be adopted either prior to or following the Initial Assessment Resolution; provided however, that the Resolution of Intent must be adopted prior to January 1 (March 1 with consent of the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector) of the year in which the Assessments are first collected on the ad valorem tax bill. This section shall not be construed to require adoption of an additional Resolution of Intent, and notice thereof, if a Resolution of Intent was previously adopted and is currently in effect for the area in question. Any hearing or notice required by this Ordinance may be combined with any other hearing or notice required by the Uniform Assessment Collection Act.

SECTION 3.02. ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF COLLECTION. In lieu of using the Uniform Assessment Collection Act, the County may elect to collect the Assessment by any other method which is authorized by law or provided by this Section 3.02 as follows:

(A) The County shall provide Assessment bills by first class mail to the owner of each affected parcel of property, other than Government Property. The bill or accompanying explanatory material shall include (1) a brief explanation of the Assessment, (2) a description of the Assessment Units used to determine the amount of the Assessment, (3) the number of Assessment Units attributable to the parcel, (4) the total amount of the parcel's Assessment for the appropriate period, (5) the location at which payment will be accepted, (6) the date on which the Assessment is due, and (7) a statement that the Assessment constitutes a lien against assessed property equal in rank and dignity with the liens of all state, county, district or municipal taxes and other non-ad valorem assessments.

(B) A general notice of the lien resulting from imposition of the Assessments shall be recorded in the Official Records of Sumter County, Florida. Nothing herein shall be construed to require that individual liens or releases be filed in the Official Records.

(C) The County shall have the right to appoint or retain an agent to foreclose and collect all delinquent Assessments in the manner provided by law. An Assessment shall become delinquent if it is not paid within thirty (30) days from the due date. The County or its agent shall notify any property owner who is delinquent in payment of an Assessment within sixty (60) days from the date such Assessment was due. Such notice shall state in effect that the County or its agent will initiate a foreclosure action and cause the foreclosure of such property subject to a delinquent Assessment in a method now or hereafter provided by law for foreclosure of mortgages on real estate, or otherwise as provided by law.

(D) All costs, fees and expenses, including reasonable attorney fees and title search expenses, related to any foreclosure action as described herein shall be included in any judgment or decree rendered therein. At the sale pursuant to decree in any such action, the County may be the purchaser to the same extent as an individual person or corporation. The County may join in one foreclosure action the collection of Assessments against any or all property assessed in accordance with the provisions hereof. All delinquent property owners whose property is foreclosed shall be liable for an apportioned amount of reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the County and its agents, including reasonable attorney fees, in collection of such delinquent Assessments and any other costs incurred by the County as a result of such delinquent Assessments including, but not limited to, costs paid for draws on a credit facility and the same shall be collectible as a part of or in addition to, the costs of the action.

(E) In lieu of foreclosure, any delinquent Assessment and the costs, fees and expenses attributable thereto, may be collected pursuant to the Uniform Assessment Collection Act; provided however, that (1) notice is provided to the owner in the manner

required by law and this Ordinance, and (2) any existing lien of record on the affected parcel for the delinquent Assessment is supplanted by the lien resulting from certification of the Assessment Roll to the Tax Collector.

SECTION 3.03. RESPONSIBILITY FOR ENFORCEMENT. The County and its agents, if any, shall maintain the duty to enforce the prompt collection of Assessments by the means provided herein. The duties related to collection of Assessments may be enforced at the suit of any holder of Obligations in a court of competent jurisdiction by mandamus or other appropriate proceedings or actions.

SECTION 3.04. GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

(A) If Assessments are imposed against Government Property, the County shall provide Assessment bills by first class mail to the owner of each affected parcel of Government Property. The bill or accompanying explanatory material shall include (1) a brief explanation of the Assessment, (2) a description of the Assessment Units used to determine the amount of the Assessment, (3) the number of Assessment Units attributable to the parcel, (4) the total amount of the parcel's Assessment for the appropriate period, (5) the location at which payment will be accepted, and (6) the date on which the Assessment is due.

(B) Assessments imposed against Government Property shall be due on the same date as Assessments against other property within the Assessment Area and, if applicable, shall be subject to the same discounts for early payment.

(C) An Assessment shall become delinquent if it is not paid within thirty (30) days from the due date. The County shall notify the owner of any Government Property that is delinquent in payment of its Assessment within sixty (60) days from the date such Assessment was due. Such notice shall state in effect that the County will initiate a mandamus or other appropriate judicial action to compel payment.

(D) All costs, fees and expenses, including reasonable attorney fees and title search expenses, related to any mandamus or other action as described herein shall be included in any judgment or decree rendered therein. All delinquent owners of Government Property against which a mandamus or other appropriate action is filed shall be liable for an apportioned amount of reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the County or its agents, including reasonable attorney fees, in collection of such delinquent Assessments and any other costs incurred by the County as a result of such delinquent Assessments including, but not limited to, costs paid for draws on a credit facility and the same shall be collectible as a part of, or in addition to, the costs of the action.

(E) As an alternative to the foregoing, an Assessment imposed against Government Property may be collected on the bill for any utility service provided to such Government Property. The Board may also contract for such billing services with any utility not owned by the County.

**ARTICLE IV
ISSUANCE OF OBLIGATIONS**

SECTION 4.01. GENERAL AUTHORITY.

(A) The Board shall have the power and is hereby authorized to provide by ordinance or resolution, at one time or from time to time in series, for the issuance of Obligations to fund Capital Improvements and any amounts to be paid or accrued in connection with issuance of such Obligations including but not limited to capitalized interest, transaction costs and reserve account deposits.

(B) The principal of and interest on each series of Obligations shall be payable from Pledged Revenue. At the option of the Board, the County may agree, by ordinance or resolution, to budget and appropriate funds to make up any deficiency in the reserve account established for the Obligations or in the payment of the Obligations, from other non-ad valorem revenue sources. The Board may also provide, by ordinance or resolution, for a pledge of or lien upon proceeds of such non-ad valorem revenue sources for the benefit of the holders of the Obligations. Any such ordinance or resolution shall determine the nature and extent of any pledge of or lien upon proceeds of such non-ad valorem revenue sources.

SECTION 4.02. TERMS OF THE OBLIGATIONS. The Obligations shall be dated, shall bear interest at such rate or rates, shall mature at such times as may be determined by ordinance or resolution of the Board, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the County, at such price or prices and under such terms and conditions, all as may be fixed by the Board. Said Obligations shall mature not later than forty (40) years after their issuance. The Board shall determine by ordinance or resolution the form of the Obligations, the manner of executing such Obligations, and shall fix the denominations of such Obligations, the place or places of payment of the principal and interest, which may be at any bank or trust company within or outside of the State of Florida, and such other terms and provisions of the Obligations as it deems appropriate. The Obligations may be sold at public or private sale for such price or prices as the Board shall determine by ordinance or resolution. The Obligations may be delivered to any contractor to pay for the provision of Capital Improvements or may be sold in such manner and for such price as the Board may determine by ordinance or resolution to be for the best

interests of the County.

SECTION 4.03. VARIABLE RATE OBLIGATIONS. At the option of the Board, Obligations may bear interest at a variable rate.

SECTION 4.04. TEMPORARY OBLIGATIONS. Prior to the preparation of definitive Obligations of any series, the Board may, under like restrictions, issue interim receipts, interim certificates, or temporary Obligations, exchangeable for definitive Obligations when such Obligations have been executed and are available for delivery. The Board may also provide for the replacement of any Obligations which shall become mutilated, destroyed or lost. Obligations may be issued without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things other than those proceedings, conditions or things which are specifically required by this Ordinance.

SECTION 4.05. ANTICIPATION NOTES. In anticipation of the sale of Obligations, the Board may, by ordinance or resolution, issue notes and may renew the same from time to time. Such notes may be paid from the proceeds of the Obligations, the proceeds of the Assessments, the proceeds of the notes and such other legally available moneys as the Board deems appropriate by ordinance or resolution. Said notes shall mature within five (5) years of their issuance and shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding the maximum rate provided by law. The Board may issue Obligations or renewal notes to repay the notes. The notes shall be issued in the same manner as the Obligations.

SECTION 4.06. TAXING POWER NOT PLEDGED. Obligations issued under the provisions of this Ordinance shall not be deemed to constitute a general obligation or pledge of the full faith and credit of the County within the meaning of the Constitution of the State of Florida, but such Obligations shall be payable only from Pledged Revenue and, if applicable, proceeds of the Assessments, in the manner provided herein and by the ordinance or resolution authorizing the Obligations. The issuance of Obligations under the provisions of this Ordinance shall not directly or indirectly obligate the County to levy or to pledge any form of ad valorem taxation whatsoever. No holder of any such Obligations shall ever have the right to compel any exercise of the ad valorem taxing power on the part of the County to pay any such Obligations or the interest thereon or to enforce payment of such Obligations or the interest thereon against any property of the County, nor shall such Obligations constitute a charge, lien or encumbrance, legal or equitable, upon any property of the County, except the Pledged Revenue.

SECTION 4.07. TRUST FUNDS. The Pledged Revenue received pursuant to the authority of this Ordinance shall be deemed to be trust funds, to be held and applied solely as provided in this Ordinance and in the ordinance or resolution authorizing

issuance of the Obligations. Such Pledged Revenue may be invested by the County, or its designee, in the manner provided by the ordinance or resolution authorizing issuance of the Obligations. The Pledged Revenue upon receipt thereof by the County shall be subject to the lien and pledge of the holders of any Obligations or any entity other than the County providing credit enhancement on the Obligations.

SECTION 4.08. REMEDIES OF HOLDERS. Any holder of Obligations, except to the extent the rights herein given may be restricted by the ordinance or resolution authorizing issuance of the Obligations, may, whether at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus or other proceedings, protect and enforce any and all rights under the laws of the state or granted hereunder or under such ordinance or resolution, and may enforce and compel the performance of all duties required by this part, or by such ordinance or resolution, to be performed by the County.

SECTION 4.09. REFUNDING OBLIGATIONS. The County may, by ordinance or resolution of the Board, issue Obligations to refund any Obligations issued pursuant to this Ordinance, or any other obligations of the County issued to finance Capital Improvements, and provide for the rights of the holders hereof. Such refunding Obligations may be issued in an amount sufficient to provide for the payment of the principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the outstanding Obligations to be refunded. If the issuance of such refunding Obligations results in an annual Assessment that exceeds the estimated maximum annual Assessments set forth in the notice provided pursuant to Section 2.06 hereof, the Board shall provide notice to the affected property owners and conduct a public hearing in the manner required by Article III of this Ordinance.

ARTICLE V GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 5.01. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this Ordinance are severable; and if any section, subsection, sentence, clause or provision is held invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions of this Ordinance shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION 5.02. ALTERNATIVE METHOD. This Ordinance shall be deemed to provide an additional and alternative method for the doing of the things authorized hereby and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws, and shall not be regarded as in derogation of any powers now existing or which may hereafter come into existence. This Ordinance, being necessary for the health, safety and welfare of the inhabitants of the County, shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes

hereof.

SECTION 5.03. REPEAL OF ORDINANCE NOS. 99-17, 2000-13, 2005-30 AND 2006-30; CONTINUING EFFECTIVENESS OF PRIOR RESOLUTIONS, ASSESSMENTS AND NOTICES.

(A) County Ordinance Nos. 99-17, 2000-13, 2005-30 and 2006-30, and any amendments to such ordinances, are hereby superseded and repealed. Furthermore, all other ordinances or parts thereof in conflict herewith are hereby superseded and repealed to the extent of such conflict.

(B) Any resolutions previously adopted pursuant to Ordinance Nos. 99-17, 2000-13, 2005-30 and 2006-30, including any Resolution of Intent, any Assessments imposed under such resolutions and any notice of a Maximum Assessment Rate given pursuant to such resolutions shall remain in full force and effect. To the extent that any Assessments imposed pursuant to such previously adopted resolutions otherwise require adoption of an annual resolution determining the rate of assessment or confirming and approving the Assessment Roll for the ensuing Fiscal Year, such requirement shall be deemed satisfied by the adoption of an Annual Assessment Resolution described in Section 2.08 hereof. It is the express intent of the Board in enacting this Ordinance to consolidate the various assessment procedures previously adopted in order to provide a single, unified procedure, and nothing herein shall be construed to disrupt, alter or nullify any existing Assessments previously imposed by the Board.

SECTION 5.04. COUNTY CODE. The appropriate officers and agents of the County are authorized and directed to codify, include and publish the provisions of this Ordinance within the County Code, and unless a contrary ordinance is adopted within ninety (90) days following such publication, the codification of this Ordinance shall become the final and official record of the matters herein ordained. The provisions of this Ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article" or other appropriate word whenever necessary or convenient to accomplish such codification.

SECTION 5.05. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon passage.

DULY ENACTED this 25 day of September, 2007.

SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA

By: ME Francis
Michael E. Francis, Chairman
Board of County Commissioners

ATTEST:
Gloria R. Hayward, Clerk of the Court
Sumter County, Florida



Gloria Hayward

APPROVED AS TO FORM:
Sumter County Attorney's Office

BY: [Signature]
Randall N. Thornton, Esq.
County Attorney



STATE OF FLORIDA, COUNTY OF SUMTER
I HEREBY CERTIFY, that the above and
foregoing is a true copy of the original.
By: Gloria Hayward, Clerk of Circuit Court
Dated: 9-26-07, Deputy Clerk

ARTICLE IV. ACCEPTANCE AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS AND STREETS*

***Editor's note:** Ord. No. 2008-01, adopted Jan. 8, 2008, amended art. IV, §§ 20-81–20-87 in its entirety to read as herein set out. Former art. IV pertained to similar subject matter and derived from Ord. No. 2003-21, adopted Nov. 18, 2003.

Sec. 20-81. Definitions.

[The following terms, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein, except where context clearly indicates a different meaning:]

Acceptance (of roads). An official action taken by the board of county commissioners which formally accepts a road into the county road system for maintenance. Thereafter, the public works department may, within the limits of its authority, perform maintenance on the accepted road without any further board action.

Arterials. Arterials hold the first rank in the classification of streets and are used primarily for the movement of vehicles and secondarily for providing vehicular access to adjoining properties. When access to adjoining properties is permitted, it should generally be by means of a marginal access street to serve several properties, rather than permitting each property owner to have his own private driveway access point. Arterials are the link between expressways and collectors, and generally rank next to expressways in traffic volumes, speed limit, and right-of-way widths. They include designated state roads and other thoroughfares. All arterials not already four-laned are deemed to have a future potential for requiring four travel lanes.

Board. The Board of County Commissioners of Sumter County, Florida.

Collector. A collector street is a street of higher classification than a local street and is used for continuous travel, primarily as a main traffic artery, but is more intermittent than a major arterial and carries more traffic for greater distances than a local street. A collector serves to carry traffic from local streets to expressways and arterials.

County road system. The county road system shall consist of all arterial, collector and local roads in the unincorporated areas and all extensions of such arterial and collector roads into and through any incorporated areas, all local roads in the unincorporated areas, and all urban minor arterials not in the state highway system. Only those roads which have been formally accepted into the county road system by an official action of the board and are shown on the map of the Sumter County Connected System of County Roads are considered to be in the Sumter County Road System. Once a city annexes land lying on both sides of a local road, that road shall no longer be a part of the county road system and shall become a part of the city road system.

Locals. Locals hold the third rank in the classifications of streets and are used primarily for providing access to adjacent individual properties. Vehicles moving on these streets should have an origin or destination in the immediate vicinity and all types of through traffic should be obviated through initial design of their connections with other streets. Local streets are the primary link between trip-generation points (homes, offices, stores, work, etc.) and collector streets. Locals require the least amount of vehicular traffic.

Plat. A map or delineated representation of the subdivision of lands, being a complete, exact representation of the subdivision and other information in compliance with the requirements of all applicable statutes and of local ordinances, and may include the terms "replat", "amended plat" or

"revised plat."

Public utility. Any publicly or privately operated utility, such as, but not limited to, storm drainage, sanitary sewer, electric power, water service, gas service or telephone line, whether underground or overhead.

Right-of-way (R.O.W.). A dedication of land to be used generally for streets, alleys, or other public uses, wherein the owner gives up his rights to the property as long as it is being used for the dedicated purpose. Right-of-way also is a land measurement term, meaning the distance between lot property lines which generally contains not only the street pavement but also the sidewalks, grass area and utilities.

Roadway. The traveled portion of a street available for vehicular traffic.

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 1, 1-8-08)

Sec. 20-82. Acceptance.

(a) *General.*

- (1) Any road considered for acceptance by the board must meet the minimum requirements established in this article.
- (2) Acceptance of roads, either paved or unpaved into the county road system of Sumter County can be accomplished by an official action of the board of Sumter County Commissioners.
- (3) The public works department cannot expend funds or perform any maintenance on a road that is not in the accepted county road system without specific authority from the board of county commissioners or as set forth herein.

(b) *Paved roads.*

- (1) *New subdivision roads.* Acceptance of paved roads in new subdivisions shall be subject to the Sumter County Subdivision Regulations.
- (2) *Other paved roads.* Acceptance of roads that were paved to county standards in a platted or deeded right-of-way, or as a commitment honored by a developer or builder, may be accepted by the board subject to a maintenance guarantee, or the board may waive the guarantee under certain circumstances at its discretion.
- (3) All roads must meet county paved road standards as outlined in the Sumter County Subdivision Regulations.
- (4) The county will determine how much work is needed to bring them to county standards.

(c) *Unpaved, unmaintained roads.*

- (1) *Criteria for acceptance.* Acceptance of unpaved, unmaintained roads will depend on the following criteria and priority system:
 - a. All roads proposed for acceptance into the Sumter County Connected System of County Roads shall meet the minimum requirements set forth in this Code. Property owners shall submit a written application to the director of public works or the board on forms provided by the county.
 - b. All unpaved roads shall comply with the acceptance portion of this Code with the exception of roads determined by the board to be arterial in nature which may be funded in their entirety by the county.
 - c. The county commissioners will only accept roads with at least fifty (50) feet of

right-of-way, however additional right-of-way may be required for acceptance. The road must not have a significant impact or adverse affect on environmentally sensitive or wetland areas and must not have an unusually high construction or maintenance cost due to drainage, right-of-way or other conditions.

d. The road must connect with a county-maintained road and must score a minimum number of points on a rating sheet as promulgated by the department of public works to include such factors as number of residences, businesses, bus trips, postal delivery issues, length and cost, environmental and drainage issues and such other factors as determined by the department.

e. A survey of the proposed right-of-way with a legal description shall be provided by the property owners.

f. At least ninety (90) percent of all property owners shall agree to donate right-of-way.

g. The board shall develop a rating system for roads being proposed for acceptance. Each road will be rated by this method and a priority listing of proposed roads shall be developed and updated as necessary. Then, as funds come available, the board will accept roads on a priority basis established by the rating system.

h. The county, upon accepting a road will clear the right-of-way, rough grade the drainage facilities, install cross drain pipes and stabilize the roadway area as deemed appropriate by the Sumter County Department of Public Works. Property owners would be responsible for providing side drain pipes for driveway which the county would install. all side drain materials and sizes would meet county specifications.

i. Portions of roads may be accepted, but only contiguous sections without any separation.

j. The county will provide all deeds and title work necessary.

k. Upon completion of the initial work (clearing, grading and stabilizing), if funds become available, the county will proceed with the work to put down base, asphalted concrete surface and complete the drainage facilities.

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 2, 1-8-08)

Sec. 20-83. Right-of-way acquisition.

(a) *General.* In order to conserve public funds, it is county policy to acquire right-of-way and easements by donation where possible. Local road projects and certain collector road projects will require the donation of needed rights-of-way in order for the projects to be implemented.

(b) *Donation.* Where abutting property owners donate right-of-way for county road or drainage improvements, Sumter County will perform reasonable work of a minor nature in consideration therefore and to restore or maintain the owners pre-existing facilities abutting the road such as:

- (1) Relocation of fencing, involving minimum amounts of new material needed to make relocation possible.
- (2) Reconstruction of driveway, to be of same kind and materials as existing or equal.
- (3) Replacement or relocation of culvert pipe, or installation of new culvert, if required by project.
- (4) Relocation, reconnection of farm irrigation systems, wells, or other existing facilities.

(5) Construction of one (1) driveway entrance and culvert, if needed, where the owner's parcel did not have an access driveway prior to the project.

(c) *Commitments.* Through the process of subdivision review, rezoning review and commercial or industrial site plan review, the board may request commitments leading to donations of right-of-way by developers or builders on certain of the county's arterials or collector roads, major local roads or major intersections.

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 3, 1-8-08)

Sec. 20-84. Driveway policies during construction.

County policies for making connections to private driveways during road construction projects are as follows:

(a) *Construction projects to pave unpaved roads.*

(1) *Connections to unpaved driveways.* The county will construct a stabilized connection of the same or similar type.

(2) *Connections to paved driveways.* When paved driveway exists, the county will construct a paved connection from the new road edge to the front road line at no expense to the property owners.

(b) *Construction projects on paved roads.*

(1) *Connections to unpaved driveways.* The county will construct a stabilized connection of same or similar type.

(2) *Connections to paved driveways.* Wherever a paved driveway exists between road edge and right-of-way line (front lot line), the county will reconstruct a paved connection at no cost to owner.

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 4, 1-8-08)

Sec. 20-85. Maintenance of roads.

(a) *Accepted roads.*

(1) *Maintenance responsibility.* County maintenance responsibility includes the traveled roadway, and, wherever they exist, shoulders, side ditches, drainage structures, regulatory and street number signs, pavement markings, traffic and school signals, located within the limits of the county road right-of-way or easements legally dedicated to the county.

(2) *Degree of maintenance.* The degree of maintenance depends upon several factors, including the service performed by the road, its physical features, adequacy of available right-of-way, and difficulty (cost) to maintain compared to public benefit derived.

(3) *[Industry standards.]* Work items to be performed by the public works department for maintenance will be in general accordance with accepted industry standards.

(4) *[Protection of public road.]* Maintenance of outfall ditches, retention or detention ponds, canal, drainage or conservation areas, and the like, shall be performed to the degree necessary for the protection of the public road. The department of public works in conjunction with other departments, shall establish a master list of water management facilities to be maintained. There is no obligation upon the county to perform maintenance of facilities described for aesthetic reasons.

(b) *Unaccepted roads.*

(1) *Opening of roads.*

a. *By the county.* Except when directed by the board in a dedicated but unaccepted, unused right-of-way to serve a county purpose, the public works department is not authorized to open, clear, grade or stabilize a road in such a right-of-way at the request of others.

b. *By others.* Developers, builders, or others planning to open a road in a dedicated but unaccepted, unused right-of-way, shall pave the road to county standards in order that maintenance can be assumed by the county, unless granted a variance by the board.

(2) *Private roads.* Sumter County has no responsibility or authority to maintain private roads under any circumstances.

(3) *Metes and bounds subdivisions.* Road in metes and bounds subdivisions, being private, are eligible for acceptance into the county road system, upon meeting the requirements set forth by this article.

(4) *City streets.*

a. The county commissioners may give consideration to joint road maintenance inside of municipal limits, subject to limitations of funds, manpower and equipment.

b. All requests for assistance must be made in writing to the board.

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 5, 1-8-08)

Sec. 20-86. Other facilities in county right-of-way.

Sumter County will not fund the construction of or assume the maintenance of the following facilities which may be approved or permitted within the right-of-way of a county road:

(a) Residential area sidewalks constructed by builders and developers in accordance with subdivision regulations will not be maintained by Sumter County. It is the responsibility of abutting property owners to keep such sidewalks in repair.

(b) Decorative entrances, gates, walls, nonstandard street signs, etc., shall be constructed and maintained by the developer or homeowners.

(c) Landscaped medians, parkways, other planted areas, including irrigation, if any.

(d) Street lighting systems.

(e) Private driveways.

(f) Water retention areas and systems.

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 6, 1-8-08)

Sec. 20-87. Permits.

(a) *General.*

(1) Permits are required for the use of county road rights-of-way for the construction, installation, or maintenance of any public utility, or any other facility, structure, driveway, pavement or object in the road right-of-way other than those constructed or maintained

by Sumter County.

(2) Permits will be issued by the Sumter County Public Works Department.

(3) Applicants for permits must acknowledge that they have determined the locations of all other users of the right-of-way and will be responsible for the facilities of others.

(b) *Types of permits.*

(1) *Utility location permit.* This permit is typically issued to utility companies, both privately and publicly owned, for construction and maintenance of overhead and underground utility systems, such as gas lines, telephone cables, sanitary sewer and water lines, said infrastructure to be located in the road right-of-way of Sumter County. These permits will be issued subject to the following:

(i) Open cuts across paved county roads are discouraged. Other alternatives should be explored and exhausted with the county public works division prior to the county's issuance of a permit for an open road cut.

(ii) Permitted open road cuts and emergency open road cuts must be repaired to the satisfaction and approval of the Sumter County Division of Public Works.

(iii) A traffic control plan shall be submitted for approval by the Sumter County Division of Public Works prior to the creation of any open road cut. Work on the cut shall not commence until the traffic control plan has been approved by the division of public works.

(iv) Construction activities will be conducted in compliance with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Devices ("MUTCD").

(2) *Driveway permits.*

(Ord. No. 2008-01, § 7, 1-8-08; Ord. No. 2008-20, § 1, 7-22-08)

Secs. 20-88--20-100. Reserved.

ORDINANCE 2011 - _____

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING CHAPTER 20, ARTICLE IV, SECTION 20-82, ACCEPTANCE, PARAGRAPH C. UNPAVED, UNMAINTAINED ROADS, OF THE SUMTER COUNTY CODE; CLARIFYING THAT THE COUNTY DOES NOT ACCEPT UNPAVED, UNMAINTAINED ROADS INTO THE COUNTY SYSTEM; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, Chapter 20, Article IV, Section 20-82, of the Sumter County Code, provides regulations regarding acceptance of roads into the county system;

WHEREAS, Chapter 2, Section X, of the Sumter County Code provides for the process for capital improvements and essential services procedural assessment;

WHEREAS, the road network within Sumter County system comprises more than 700 miles, of which 18 are unpaved;

WHEREAS, The Board of County Commissioners do not want to increase the number of miles of unpaved roads to maintain;

WHEREAS, the wording of the current Chapter 20, Article IV, Section 20-82, Paragraph c., of the Sumter County Code provides for the acceptance of unpaved, unmaintained roads;

WHEREAS, the Board's consistent implementation of Chapter 2, Section X of the Sumter County Code from 2007 until now has not allowed for acceptance of unpaved, unmaintained roads into the county system;

WHEREAS, the BWD halted work on a current request from a resident for the County to accept an unpaved, unmaintained road;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of County Commissioners of Sumter County, Florida, as follows:

1. Each of the **WHEREAS** clauses referenced above are hereby incorporated into this Resolution, *in haec verba*.

2. The wording of Sub-paragraph (1), Paragraph c., Section 20-82, Article IV, Chapter 20 of the Sumter County Code shall read:

(c) Unpaved, unmaintained roads.

(1) Criteria for acceptance. This type of road is not accepted into the County road system. (sub-sub paragraphs a. through k. are deleted)

3. This Ordinance shall be cumulative of all provisions of the ordinances of Sumter County, Florida, except where the provisions of this Ordinance are in direct conflict with the provisions of such ordinances, which event all ordinances or parts thereof in conflict with this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

4. If any section, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this ordinance.

5. It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners of Sumter County, Florida that the provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made part of the Code of Ordinances of the Sumter County, Florida and the word "ordinance," or similar words may be changed to "section," "article," or other appropriate word or phrase and the sections of the ordinance may be renumbered or re-lettered to accomplish such intention. The codifier is granted liberal authority to codify the provisions of this Ordinance.

6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force upon approval by the Board of County Commissioners of Sumter County, Florida.

DONE AND ORDERED THIS _____ day of _____, 2011

ATTEST: **GLORIA HAYWARD**
CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT

BOARD OF COUNTY
COMMISSIONERS
SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA

DEPUTY CLERK

DON BURGESS, CHAIRMAN

DRAFT